## Vascular Plants of Williamson County

*Ludwigia peploides* subsp. *peploides* – WATER PRIMROSE, YELLOW WATER WEED [Onagraceae]

Ludwigia peploides (Kunth) P. H. Raven subsp. peploides (incl. L. peploides subsp. glabrescens), WATER PRIMROSE, YELLOW WATER WEED. Aquatic perennial herb, clonal in shallow water, fibrous-rooted, aquatic phase branches floating on water to creeping and ascending on shoreline, < 40 cm tall; shoots to 300 cm long, with cauline leaves, sparsely pubescent to glabrate, not glutinous on young growth; adventitious roots nodal. Stems:  $\pm$ cylindric, to 6 mm diameter, glossy pale yellowish green, internodes to 35 mm long, often short-pilose, forming a thin woody cylinder; the submerged stems light green tinged pink or rose, with large air cavities (aerenchyma) in cortex. Leaves: helically alternate, simple, petiolate, with stipules; stipules 2, attached to base of petiole on raised base, broadly ovate, < 1 mm long, truncate at base, fleshy below midpoint and secreting liquid on new growth, green and orangish below and reddish above midpoint; petiole hemicylindric, to 20 mm long and indistinct from leaf base (leaf to 100 mm long), lower margins sometimes colorless and minutely serrate; blade appearing lanceolate or oblanceolate (obovate) to elliptic or oblong-elliptic,  $< 25-80 \times < 10-25$  mm, long-tapered at base, entire and shortciliate on margins, blunt-acute to obtuse at tip having a small glandular point on the lower surface, conspicuously pinnately veined with midrib raised on both surfaces, surfaces glabrous or with scattered short hairs on the lower surface aging glabrescent. Inflorescence: flowers solitary and axillary (leafy raceme), essentially glabrous to sparsely short-pilose; pedicel ascending to erect, to  $20 \times 1.2$  mm and spreading in fruit, with 2 subopposite bracteoles at base of ovary, bracteoles initially inverted heart-shaped often with slender tip, ca.  $1 \times 1$  mm, green, aging appressed, cupped, truncate, and purplish red from midpoint, mostly lacking hairs, persistent in fruit. Flower: bisexual, radial, 18-26 mm across; hypanthium absent, nectary at the base of each stamen, arc-shaped mound bracketing filament on inside and adjacent to other filaments, arc ca. 1.5 ×1.7 mm, pale yellow-orange, densely short-villous (hairs curled toward centerline of mound); sepals (4-)5, spreading, acute-triangular, ca.  $8-9 \times 3-3.5$  mm, glossy green often with narrowly crimson margins, 5-veined at base, glabrous or with several short-pilose hairs on lower surface, persistent; petals (4–)5, obovate,  $14-20 \times 7-9$  mm, bright vellow (orange-vellow in bud), rounded at top, glabrous or with several short-pilose hairs on lower surface, pinnately veined with fine veins and veins slightly raised on lower surface, easily dislodged; stamens (8)10 in 2 whorls, free, unequal within a flower, outer whorl arising touching petals, inner stamens arising between nectaries and 1 + mm > outer stamens; filaments 3.3–3.5 mm long (outer stamens) and 4.2–4.5 mm long (inner stamens), light yellow-orange; anthers exserted, dorsifixed, dithecal, 1.5-2 mm long, anthers of outer stamens < inner stamens, cream-colored, longitudinally and outwardly dehiscent; pollen cream-colored, permanently united in tetrads, sticky and held in a mass by minute threads (viscin threads); **pistil** 1; ovary inferior, straight, weakly 5-angled approaching top, to  $13 \times$ 1.5 mm, green or blushed reddish, glabrous, (4–)5-chambered, each chamber packed with a single stack of many ovules; style much thicker than filaments, 6–7 mm long, cylindric portion 0.6 mm diameter and flared approaching stigma, light yellow-orange; stigma capitate, low (4-)5-lobed with rim around, ca.  $0.7-0.8 \times 1.5-1.6$  mm, light yellow, wet,

exserted just above anthers of inner stamens. **Fruit:** capsule,  $\pm$  indehiscent, many-seeded,  $\pm$  cylindric,  $25-35 \times 3.5-4$  mm, straight to somewhat curved, top truncate with (4–)5 Ushaped to crescent-shaped hairy ridges (= persistent nectary), hard with seeds embedded in fruit wall, glabrescent; sepals persistent, ascending to spreading, ovate, to  $10.5 \times 4$  mm, 5veined; style abscised. **Seed:** rhomboid-polyhedron,  $1.5-1.9 \times ca$ . 1.5 mm, tan, with mostly flat rectangular faces but roundish ends where seeds touched. A. C. Gibson